

In the xy plane, line f passes through the point $(-1,6)$ and is perpendicular to the line with equation $y=x-3$. Which of the following is an equation of the line f ?

A) $y=-x+3$

B) $y=-x+6$

C) $y=-x+5$

D) $y=x+7$

E) $y=x-1$

$$y = x - 3 \quad m = 1$$
$$m_{\perp} = -\frac{1}{1} = -1$$

slope of line = m
slope of perpendicular
line = $-\frac{1}{m}$

f contains $(-1, 6)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

"point-slope"

$$y - 6 = -1(x - (-1))$$

$$y - 6 = -x - 1$$

$$y = -x + 5$$



$$m_f = -1$$

$$y = -x + b$$

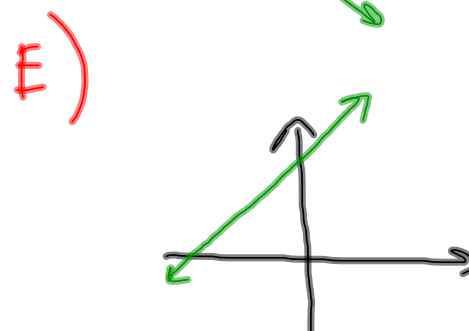
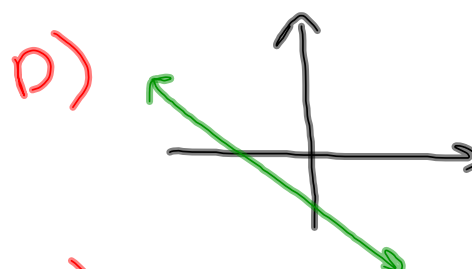
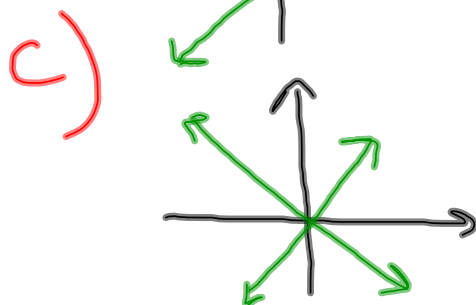
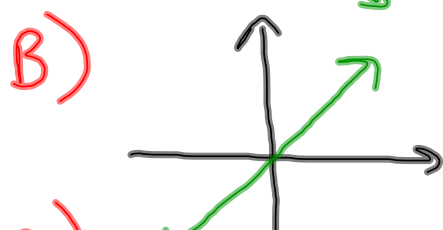
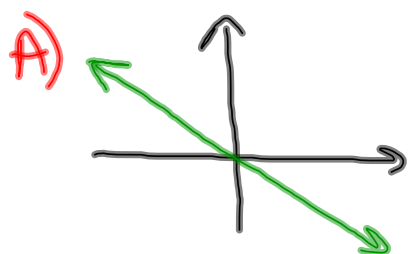
$$(-1, 6)$$

$$6 = -(-1) + b$$

$$5 = b$$

$$y = -x + 5$$

Which of the following has a positive slope and negative x-intercept?



E

distance formula

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

midpoint formula

$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

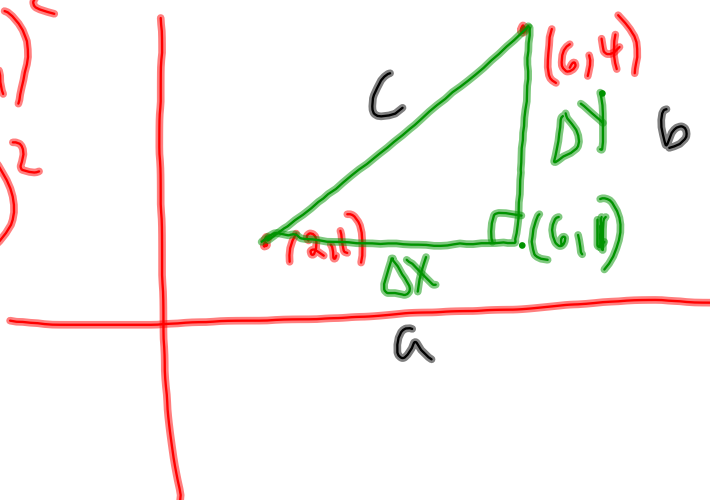
distance formula

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$d^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$$

$$d^2 = (\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta y)^2$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$



midpoint formula

$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

$$(4, 2.5)$$

